## Preventive Health Services and Procedures

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<td>Approved by: UnitedHealthcare Medicare Benefit Interpretation Committee</td>
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**Related Medicare Advantage Policy Guidelines:**

- Clinical Diagnostic Laboratory Services
- Colorectal Cancer Screening Tests (NCD 210.3)
- Counseling to Prevent Tobacco Use (NCD 210.4.1)
- Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Cardiovascular Disease (NCD 210.11)
- Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Obesity (NCD 210.12)
- Kidney Disease Education
- Lung Cancer Screening with Low Dose Computed Tomography (LDCT) (NCD210.14)
- Mammograms (NCD 220.4)
- Prostate Cancer Screening Tests (NCD 210.1)
- Screening and Behavioral Counseling Interventions in Prim Care to Reduce Alcohol Misuse (NCD 210.8)
- Screening for Cervical Cancer with Human Papillomavirus (HPV) (NCD 210.2.1)
- Screening for Depression in Adults (NCD 210.9)
- Screening for Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Infection (NCD 210.6)
- Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) in Adults (NCD 210.13)
- Screening for Sexually Transmitted Infections (NCD 210.10)
- Screening for the Human Immunodeficiency Virus-HIV-Infected (NCD 210.7)
- Screening Pap Smears/Pelvic Exam for Early Detection of Cervical or Vaginal Cancer (NCD 210.2)
- Vaccination (Immunization)

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The benefit information in this Coverage Summary is based on existing national coverage policy, however, Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) may exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable.

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I. COVERAGE

**Coverage Statement:** Preventive health services and procedures are covered when Medicare coverage criteria are met.

- **Preventive Services and Screenings Covered by Medicare:** As a result of the Affordable Care Act, Medicare now covers many of these services without cost to patients, including the Annual Wellness Visit that was created under the Affordable Care Act. These services are still subject to screening criteria and frequency limits. For further information, see the Preventive Services – General Information and Downloads at [http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Prevention/PreventionGenInfo/index.html](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Prevention/PreventionGenInfo/index.html) (Accessed May 8, 2017)

- **Copayment/Coinsurance:**
  - Effective for dates of service (DOS) on or after January 1, 2011, Medicare provides 100

II. DEFINITIONS

III. REFERENCES

IV. REVISION HISTORY
percent payment (in other words, waives any deductible, coinsurance or copayment) for many Medicare-covered preventive services. In some cases, the copayment, coinsurance and deductibles have not changed and will be the same for DOS prior to January 1, 2011 as they are for dates of service on or after January 1, 2011. For specific changes to deductibles, copayments, or coinsurances for Medicare covered preventive services, refer to the MLN Matters #SE1129 - Reminder-Beneficiary Cost-Sharing for Medicare-Covered Preventive Services Under the Affordable Care Act (Accessed May 8, 2017)

○ For member-specific copayment/coinsurance information for the following preventive services, refer to the member’s EOC/SB or contact the Customer Service Department.

Guidelines/Notes:
1. Medicare Covered Preventive Services and Screening
   a. Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening
      Ultrasound screening for abdominal aortic aneurysm means (1) a procedure using sound waves (or such other procedures using alternative technologies, of commensurate accuracy and cost, as specified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, through the national coverage determination process) provided for the early detection of abdominal aortic aneurysms; and (2) includes a physician's interpretation of the results of the procedure.

      One-time ultrasound screening for abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) is covered for members who meet the following criteria:
      1) Receives a referral for such an ultrasound screening as a result of an IPPE;
      2) Receives such ultrasound screening from a provider or supplier who is authorized to provide covered diagnostic services;
      3) Has not been previously furnished such an ultrasound screening under Medicare program; and
      4) Is included in at least one of the following risk categories:
         • Has a family history of abdominal aortic aneurysm; or
         • Male age 65-75 who has smoked at least 100 cigarettes in his lifetime
         • Member who manifests other risk factors in a beneficiary category recommended for screening by USPSTF regarding AAA as specified by Secretary of HHS through national coverage determination process.

      See the MLN Matters # MM5235 - Implementation of a One-Time Only Ultrasound Screening for Abdominal Aortic Aneurysms (AAA), Resulting from a Referral from an Initial Preventive Physical Examination. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

      Also see the Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 18, §110 - Ultrasound Screening for Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm (AAA). (Accessed May 8, 2017)

   b. Alcohol Misuse Screening and Behavioral Counseling Intervention in Primary Care to Reduce Alcohol Misuse
      Alcohol misuse screening and behavioral counseling intervention in primary care to reduce alcohol misuse is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the NCD for Screening and Behavioral Counseling Interventions in Primary Care to Reduce Alcohol Misuse (210.8) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

   c. Annual Wellness Visit (Including Personalized Prevention Plan Services)
Effective January 1, 2011, subject to certain eligibility and other limitations, CMS allows payment for an annual wellness visit (AWV), including personalized prevention plan services (PPPS).

Annual Wellness Visit (AWV) is **covered** when the following requirements are met:

1) It is performed by a health professional; and,

2) It is furnished to an eligible beneficiary who is no longer within 12 months after the effective date of his/her first Medicare Part B coverage period, and he/she has not received either an IPPE or an AWV providing PPPS within the past 12 months.

[Note: For UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage plans, one (1) Annual Wellness Visit (AWV) is allowed per calendar year (visits do not need to be 12 months apart)]

**Notes:**

- Annual Wellness Visit (AWV) will include the establishment of, or update to, the individual’s medical/family history, measurement of his/her height, weight, body-mass index (BMI) or waist circumference, and blood pressure (BP), with the goal of health promotion and disease detection and encouraging patients to obtain the screening and preventive services that may already be covered and paid for under Medicare Part B.

- Health professional includes:
  a) A physician who is a doctor of medicine or osteopathy (as defined in section 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act); or,
  b) A physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist (as defined in section 1861(aa)(5) of the Act); or,
  c) A medical professional (including a health educator, registered dietitian, or nutrition professional or other licensed practitioner) or a team of such medical professionals, working under the direct supervision (as defined in CFR 410.32(b)(3)(ii)) of a physician as defined in this section.


Also see the following:

**d. Bone Mass Measurement**

Bone mass measurement is **covered** when criteria are met; see the Coverage Summary for Bone Density Studies/Bone Mass Measurements.

**e. Cancer Screenings**

1) **Breast Cancer (Mammogram/Mammography)**

   Screening mammogram (members without signs or symptoms, history of or known breast disease)
   
   (a) One baseline mammogram between age 35 through 39
(b) Screening mammogram every 12 months (including physician interpretation) for all women age 40 or older

Notes:

- A **diagnostic mammography** is a radiologic procedure furnished to a man or woman with signs and symptoms of breast disease, or a personal history of breast cancer, or a personal history of biopsy - proven benign breast disease, and includes a physician's interpretation of the results of the procedure. For diagnostic mammography guideline, see the [Coverage Summary for Radiologic Diagnostic Procedures](#).

- A **screening mammography** is a radiologic procedure furnished to a woman without signs or symptoms of breast disease, for the purpose of early detection of breast cancer, and includes a physician's interpretation of the results of the procedure. A screening mammography has limitations as it must be, at a minimum a two-view exposure (cranio-caudal and a medial lateral oblique view) of each breast. Unlike diagnostic mammography, there’s no need to have signs, symptoms, or history of breast disease in order for the exam to be covered.

- **Digital Breast Tomosynthesis:**
  - Effective January 1, 2015, HCPCS code 77063 [Screening digital breast tomosynthesis, bilateral (list separately in addition to code for primary procedure)], must be billed in conjunction with the screening mammography HCPCS code G0202 (Screening mammography, producing direct digital image, bilateral, all views, 2D imaging only).
  - Effective January 1, 2015, beneficiary coinsurance and deductible does not apply to claim lines with 77063 [Screening digital breast tomosynthesis, bilateral (List separately in addition to code for primary procedure)].
  - Payment for 77063 is made only when billed with an ICD-9 code of V76.11 or V76.12 (and when ICD-10 is effective with ICD-10 code Z12.31).

See the [NCD for Mammograms (220.4)](#). (Accessed May 8, 2017)


- Screening and Diagnostic Mammography
- Breast Imaging Mammography/Breast Echography (Sonography)/Breast MRI/Ductography

(Accessed May 8, 2017)

Also see the following:

- [MLN Matters # MM8874 - Preventive and Screening Services - Update - Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Obesity, Screening Digital Tomosynthesis Mammography, and Anesthesia Associated with Screening Colonoscopy](#) (Accessed May 8, 2017)

2) **Cervical and Vaginal Cancer**
a) Screening Pap Smears and Pelvic Examination (including clinical breast examination) are covered when Medicare criteria are met. For Medicare coverage guideline, see the NCD for Screening Pap Smears and Pelvic Examination for Early Detection of Cervical or Vaginal Cancer (210.2). Also see the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, §280.4 - Screening Pap Smears. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

b) Screening for Cervical Cancer with Human Papilloma Virus (HPV) Testing
Screening for cervical cancer with human papilloma virus (HPV) testing is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the NCD for Screening Cervical Cancer with Human Papillomavirus (210.2.1) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 4, 2017)

3) Colorectal Cancer

a) Fecal Occult Blood Test, Flexible Sigmoidoscopy, Colonoscopy and Barium Enema
Colorectal screening tests/procedures for the early detection of colorectal cancer are covered when Medicare criteria are met.

Colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy turned diagnostic: UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage plan members undergoing a screening a colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy will have a $0 cost share regardless of whether a polyp is found and/or removed during the procedure.

The following guideline summarize coverage frequency for colorectal screening under Medicare criteria:

- For people 50 and older
  o Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months
  o Fecal occult blood test, every 12 months
- For people at high risk of colorectal cancer (see Section II for definition of Colorectal Cancer High Risk Individual)
  o Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months
- For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer (see Section II for definition of Colorectal Cancer High Risk Individual)
  o Screening colonoscopy every 10 years, but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy

For Medicare coverage guideline, refer to the NCD for Colorectal Cancer Screening Tests (210.3) and NCD for Fecal Occult Blood Test (FOBT) (190.34). (Accessed May 8, 2017)

Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) for Colorectal Cancer Screening exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. These LCDs are available at http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/overview-and-quick-search.aspx. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

Also see the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, §280.2 - Colorectal Cancer Screening. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

b) Cologuard™ Test
4) **Prostate Cancer Screening (PSA Blood Test and Digital Rectal Exam)**

Prostate Cancer Screening (PSA blood test and digital rectal exam) is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the [NCD for Prostate Cancer Screening Tests (210.1)](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/overview-and-quick-search.aspx) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) for Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) exist and compliance with these policies is required where applicable. These LCDs are available at [http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/overview-and-quick-search.aspx](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/overview-and-quick-search.aspx) (Accessed May 8, 2017)

5) **Lung Cancer [Low Dose Computed Tomography (LDCT)]**

Effective February 5, 2015, Medicare has determined that the evidence is sufficient to add a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit, and for appropriate beneficiaries, annual screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT), as an additional preventive service benefit when Medicare criteria are met.


f. **Cardiovascular Disease Screening**

Cardiovascular screening blood tests are covered for all asymptomatic members for early detection of cardiovascular disease or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease. This screening includes total cholesterol test, cholesterol test for high density lipoproteins and triglycerides test. Frequency is every five years (i.e., 59 months after the last covered screening tests).


**g. Depression Screening in Adults**

Depression screening for adults is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the [NCD for Screening for Depression in Adults (210.9)](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/overview-and-quick-search.aspx) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 4, 2017)

**h. Diabetes Screening**

Diabetes screening tests (fasting plasma glucose test and post-glucose challenge test) are covered when the following criteria are met:

Member has **one** of the following risk factors for diabetes:

- Hypertension
- Dyslipidemia
- Obesity (with body mass index greater than or equal to 30 kg/m2)
- Previous identification of elevated impaired fasting glucose or glucose intolerance

Or, member has two of the following risk factors for diabetes

- Overweight (a body mass index >25, but <30 kg/m2)
- Family history of diabetes
- Age 65 years or older
- History of gestational diabetes mellitus or giving birth to a baby weighing >9 lbs

Notes:

- Members already diagnosed with diabetes do not qualify for this screening.
- Frequency:
  - Two screening tests per calendar year for members diagnosed with pre-diabetes (limited to one screening test every 6 months)
  - One screening test per calendar year for individuals previously tested who were not diagnosed with pre-diabetes, or who have never been tested

See the [Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 18, Preventive and Screening Services, §90 Diabetes Screening](https://www.medicare.gov/coverage/mcdoc?contentId=1947100873340926792&rel=0). (Accessed May 8, 2017)

Also see the [MLN Matters #3637 - Diabetes Screening](https://www.medicare.gov/coverage/mln matters?contentId=1947100873340926792&rel=0). (Accessed May 8, 2017)

(Note: This article was revised on August 17, 2007, to add a reference to MLN Matters #3677 - Diabetes Screening that changed the screening test to every six months for individuals diagnosed with pre-diabetes. In addition, new preventive services information sources were added to the Additional Information section.)

i. **Diabetes Self-Management Training**

Diabetes outpatient self-management training services are covered when criteria are met. See [Coverage Summary for Diabetes Management, Equipment and Supplies](https://www.medicare.gov/coverage/mcdoc?contentId=1947100873340926792&rel=0).

j. **Glaucoma Screening**

Annual (once every 12 months) glaucoma screening is covered for members with diabetes mellitus or a family history of glaucoma, or African-Americans age 50 and over, or Hispanic-Americans age 65 and older.

(Note: Optometrist may perform a Medicare covered glaucoma screening, if the service is within the scope of practice permitted by state licensure.)


k. **Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Screening**

HIV screening is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the [NCD for Screening for the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infection (210.7)](https://www.medicare.gov/coverage/mcdoc?contentId=1947100873340926792&rel=0) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

l. **Immunizations (Seasonal Influenza, Pneumococcal and Hepatitis B)**

Vaccinations or inoculations are excluded as immunizations unless they are directly related to the treatment of an injury or direct exposure to a disease or condition, such as anti-rabies treatment, tetanus antitoxin or booster vaccine, botulin antitoxin, antivenin sera, or immune globulin. In the absence of injury or direct exposure, preventive
immunization (vaccination or inoculation) against such diseases as smallpox, polio, diphtheria, etc., is not covered. However, pneumococcal, hepatitis B, and influenza virus vaccines are exceptions to this rule. In cases where a vaccination or inoculation is excluded from coverage, related charges are also not covered.

For additional information, see the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, §50.4.4.2 - Immunizations. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

1) **Influenza (flu) Vaccine**
   - Covered once a flu season [Note: Generally, one (1) influenza virus vaccination per influenza season is covered, however, more than one influenza virus vaccination per influenza season may be covered if a physician determines and documents that the vaccination is reasonable and medically necessary. The administering provider should maintain documentation.]
   - Usually given to any Medicare eligible member
   - Physician order is not required to receive a flu vaccine
   - Member may self-refer
   - No deductible or co-insurance liability
   - A flu vaccine is covered regardless of the location in which it is administered.

**H1N1 Vaccine:** In addition to the seasonal flu vaccine covered once a flu season, the administration of the H1N1 influenza vaccine, also called the "swine flu", will be covered. The vaccine is currently under production and will be available in the Fall of 2009. The federal government will provide the H1N1 vaccine at no cost to the health care providers, therefore, only the administration of the vaccine is payable. There will be no coinsurance or copayment or deductible applied to this benefit.

See the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, §50.4.4.2.C - Influenza Virus Vaccine; available. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

Also see the following:

2) **Pneumococcal Polysaccharide Vaccine (PPV)**
   For dates of service on or after May 1, 1981 through September 18, 2014
   - An initial vaccine may be administered only to persons at high risk (see below) of pneumococcal disease

   **Note:** Persons at high risk for whom an initial vaccine may be administered include all people age 65 and older; immunocompetent adults who are at increased risk of pneumococcal disease or its complications because of chronic illness (e.g., cardiovascular disease, pulmonary disease, diabetes mellitus, alcoholism, cirrhosis, or cerebrospinal fluid leaks); and individuals with
compromised immune systems (e.g., splenic dysfunction or anatomic asplenia, Hodgkin’s disease, lymphoma, multiple myeloma, chronic renal failure, HIV infection, nephrotic syndrome, sickle cell disease, or organ transplantation)

- Re-vaccination may be given only to those members at the highest risk of serious infection and those likely to have had a drop in antibody levels, provided that at least 5 years had passed since receiving the previous vaccination.

_Note:_ Persons at highest risk and those most likely to have rapid declines in antibody levels are those for whom revaccination may be appropriate. This group includes persons with functional or anatomic asplenia (e.g., sickle cell disease, splenectomy), HIV infection, leukemia, lymphoma, Hodgkin’s disease, multiple myeloma, generalized malignancy, chronic renal failure, nephrotic syndrome, or other conditions associated with immunosuppression such as organ or bone marrow transplantation, and those receiving immunosuppressive chemotherapy. It is not appropriate for routine revaccination of people age 65 or older that are not at highest risk.

For dates of service on and after September 19, 2014

Effective for dates of service on and after September 19, 2014, an initial pneumococcal vaccine may be administered to all Medicare beneficiaries who have never received a pneumococcal vaccination under Medicare Part B. A different, second pneumococcal vaccine may be administered 1 year after the first vaccine was administered (i.e., 11 full months have passed following the month in which the last pneumococcal vaccine was administered).

Those administering the vaccine should not require the patient to present an immunization record prior to administering the pneumococcal vaccine, nor should they feel compelled to review the patient’s complete medical record if it is not available. Instead, provided that the patient is competent, it is acceptable to rely on the patient’s verbal history to determine prior vaccination status.


Also see the following:


3) **Hepatitis B Vaccine for Members Who are at High or Intermediate Risk of Contracting Hepatitis B**

- High-risk groups currently identified include:
  - Members with end stage renal disease (ESRD)
  - Hemophiliacs who are receiving Factor VIII or IX concentrates
  - Members who are residents of institutions for the mentally challenged
  - Members who live in the same household as a member infected with
Hepatitis B
  o Homosexual men
  o Illicit injectable drug abusers; and
  o Persons diagnosed with diabetes mellitus

• Intermediate risk groups currently identified include:
  o Staff in institutions for the mentally challenged; and
  o Workers in health care professions who have frequent contact with blood or blood-derived body fluids during routine work

_**Exception:** Persons in the above-listed groups would not be considered at high or intermediate risk of contracting hepatitis B, however, if there is laboratory evidence positive for antibodies to hepatitis B. (ESRD patients are routinely tested for hepatitis B antibodies as part of their continuing monitoring and therapy.)_


Also see the following:

_**Note:** Other than the immunizations covered under Part B outlined above, all other Medicare-covered vaccines, e.g., Varicella vaccine for chickenpox, Zostavax for shingles, meningococcal vaccine, are covered under Part D. Refer to the Member’s Pharmacy Program booklet or contact the Prescription Solutions Customer Service Department to determine coverage eligibility for Part D Prescription Drug benefit._


Also see the _Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 18, §10 - Pneumococcal Pneumonia, Influenza Virus, and Hepatitis B Vaccines_. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

m. _Initial Preventive Physical Examination (IPPE) (also Commonly Referred to as the “Welcome to Medicare” Preventive Visit)_

Sections 1861(s)(2)(w) and 1861(ww) of the Social Security Act (and implementing regulations at 42 CFR 410.16, 411.15(a)(1), and 411.15(k)(11)) authorize coverage under Part B for a one-time initial preventive physical examination (IPPE) for new Medicare beneficiaries that meet certain eligibility requirements.

One time initial preventive physical examination (IPPE) includes:
1) Review of an member medical and social history
2) Review of a member’s potential (risk factors) for depression, including current or past experience with depression or other mood disorder
3) Review of the member’s functional ability and level of safety, including a minimum review of hearing impairment, activities of daily living, fall risk and home safety
4) An examination to include measurement of the member’s height, weight, blood pressure, a visual acuity screening
5) End-of-life planning as mandatory services (upon an individual’s consent) (Effective January 1, 2009)
6) Education, counseling, and referral services based on the findings
7) Education, counseling, and referral for obtaining the appropriate screening and other preventive services. Screening is for those members without specific signs or symptoms or a diagnosis of the disease being screened.
8) Performance and interpretation of an EKG

Note: Effective for dates of service on or after January 1, 2009, the screening EKG is no longer a required part of the IPPE. It is optional and may be performed as a result of a referral from an IPPE (as part of the educational, counseling, and referral service the member is entitled to during the member’s IPPE visit). The screening EKG will be allowed only once in a member’s lifetime.

See the MLN Matters # MM622- Update to the Initial Preventive Physical Examination (IPPE) Benefit. (Accessed May 8, 2017)

9) Measurement of an individual’s body mass index (Effective January 1, 2009)

Notes:
- IPPE is a once-a-lifetime benefit and must be performed within six months after the effective date of the member’s first Part B coverage, but only if such Part B coverage begins on or after January 1, 2005.

Effective for IPPEs performed on or after January 1, 2009, a member is eligible for the extended IPPE benefits of MIPPA when he/she first enrolls in Medicare Part B and receives the IPPE benefit within the first 12 months of the effective date of the initial Part B coverage period.

See MLN Matters # MM6223 - Update to the Initial Preventive Physical Examination (IPPE) Benefit. (Accessed May 8, 2017)
- The IPPE does not include other preventive services that are currently separately covered and paid under section 1861 of the Act under Medicare Part B screening benefits. (That is, pneumococcal, influenza and hepatitis B vaccines and their administration, screening mammography, screening pap smear and screening pelvic examinations, prostate cancer screening tests, colorectal cancer screening tests, diabetes outpatient self-management training services, bone mass measurements, glaucoma screening, medical nutrition therapy for individuals with diabetes or renal disease, cardiovascular screening blood tests, and diabetes screening tests.)


Also see the following:
n. Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Cardiovascular Disease
Intensive behavioral therapy for cardiovascular disease is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the NCD for Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Cardiovascular Disease (210.11) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 4, 2017)

o. Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Obesity
Intensive behavioral therapy for obesity is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the NCD for Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Obesity (210.12) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 4, 2017)

p. Medical Nutrition Therapy (for Members with Diabetes or Renal Disease)
Medical Nutrition Therapy for members with diabetes or renal disease is covered when criteria are met; See the Coverage Summary for Diabetes Management, Equipment and Supplies

q. Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) Screening and High-Intensity Behavioral Counseling (HIBC) to Prevent STIs
Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) screening and high-intensity behavioral counseling (HIBC) to prevent STIs is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the NCD for Screening for Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and High-Intensity Behavioral Counseling (HIBC) to Prevent STIs (210.10) (Accessed May 4, 2017)

r. Tobacco-Use Cessation Counseling
Tobacco-use cessation counseling is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the NCD for Counseling to Prevent Tobacco Use (210.4.1) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 4, 2017)

s. Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)
Screening for HCV is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the NCD for Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) in Adults (210.13) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 4, 2017)

t. Screening for Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Infection
Screening for HBV infection is covered when Medicare criteria are met. See the NCD for Screening for Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Infection (210.6) for coverage guideline. (Accessed May 4, 2017)

2. Kidney Disease Education (KDE)
Face to face Kidney Disease Education (KDE) services are covered for the following:
- Patient diagnosed with Stage IV CKD, using the Modification of Diet in Renal Disease (MDRD) Study formula (severe decrease in GFR, GFR value of 15-29 mL/min/1.73 m²), and
- Patient with a referral from the physician managing the patient’s kidney condition. The referral should be documented in the patient’s medical records.

Qualified Persons:
Medicare Part B covers KDE services provided by a ‘qualified person,’ meaning a:
- physician (as defined in Section 30 of the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15
- physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist (as defined in Sections 190, 200, and 210 of the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15
- hospital, critical access hospital (CAH), skilled nursing facility (SNF), comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF), home health agency (HHA), or hospice, if the KDE services are provided in a rural area (using the actual geographic location core based statistical area (CBSA) to identify facilities located in rural areas), or
- hospital or CAH that is treated as being rural (was reclassified from urban to rural status per 42 CFR 412.103, (Accessed May 8, 2017)

The “incident to” requirements at section 1861(s)(2)(A) of the Social Security Act (the Act) do not apply to KDE services. The following providers are not ‘qualified persons’ and are excluded from furnishing KDE services:
- A hospital, CAH, SNF, CORF, HHA, or hospice located outside of a rural area (using the actual geographic location CBSA to identify facilities located outside of a rural area), unless the services are furnished by a hospital or CAH that is treated as being in a rural area; and
- Renal dialysis facilities

Limitations for Coverage:
- Up to six (6) sessions as a patient lifetime maximum. A session is 1 hour. In order to bill for a session, a session must be at least 31 minutes in duration. A session that lasts at least 31 minutes, but less than 1 hour still constitutes 1 session.
- On an individual basis or in group settings; if the services are provided in a group setting, a group consists of 2 to 20 individuals who need not all be UnitedHealthcare Medicare members.


3. Routine Physical Examination

Note: Depending on the member’s plan, some members have coverage for annual routine physical examination. To determine coverage, refer to the member’s EOC/SOB for the member’s specific benefit for annual routine physical examination.

4. Vaccines and Immunizations for International Travel
Vaccines and immunizations for the purpose of international travel are not covered. In the absence of injury or direct exposure, preventive immunization (vaccination or inoculation) against such diseases as smallpox, polio, diphtheria, etc., is not covered. See the Medicare
5. **Imaging for Screening Asymptomatic Persons**
   Imaging for screening asymptomatic persons are not covered. Examples include but are not limited to:
   - Whole-body/skull base to mid-thigh computed tomography (CT) for disease screening in asymptomatic individuals
   - Whole-body/skull base to mid-thigh positron emission tomography (PET) or combined positron emission tomography-computed tomography (PET-CT) for disease screening in asymptomatic individuals
   - CT scan of the chest as a screening test for lung cancer in smokers or former smokers

   *Note: Medicare excludes expenses incurred for items or services which are not reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury or to improve the functioning of a malformed body member. Refer to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (SSA) Section 662 (a)(1)(A) at [http://www.ssa.gov/OP_Home/ssact/title18/1862.htm](http://www.ssa.gov/OP_Home/ssact/title18/1862.htm) (Accessed May 8, 2017)*

6. **Counseling for Vitamin D Supplementation**
   Counseling for Vitamin D Supplementation to prevent falls is covered; Vitamin D supplement is not covered. Charges for medications, e.g., vitamins, given simply for the general good and welfare of the patient and not as accepted therapies for a particular illness are excluded from coverage. Refer to the [Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 16, §50.4.3 - Examples of Not Reasonable and Necessary](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/overview-and-quick-search.aspx?from2=search.asp&accessed=May%208%2C%202017)

   In May 2012, the USPSTF recommended exercise or physical therapy and vitamin D supplementation to prevent falls in community-dwelling adults aged 65 years or older who are at increased risk for falls. Available at [http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspsvitd.htm](http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspsvitd.htm) (Accessed May 8, 2017)

**II. DEFINITIONS**

**Colorectal Cancer High Risk Individual:** Individual who has one or more of the following:
- A close relative (sibling, parent, or child) who has had colorectal cancer or an adenomatous polyp
- A family history of familial adenomatous polyposis
- A family history of hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer
- A personal history of colorectal cancer
- A personal history of adenomatous polyps
- Inflammatory bowel disease, including Crohn’s Disease, and ulcerative colitis


**Fecal Occult Blood Test (FOBT) Screening:** Defined as (1) a guaiac-based test for peroxidase activity in which the beneficiary completes it by taking samples from two different sites of three consecutive stools or, (2) a immunoassay (or immunochemical) test for antibody activity in which the beneficiary completes the test by taking the appropriate number of samples according to the specific manufacturer’s instructions. *Multiple LCDs for Colorectal Cancer Screening; available at [http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/overview-and-quick-search.aspx?from2=search.asp&](http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/overview-and-quick-search.aspx?from2=search.asp&)* (Accessed May 8, 2017)

**Glaucoma Screening:** Defined to include (1) a dilated eye examination with an intraocular pressure

**Immunization:** The process by which a person or animal becomes protected against a disease. This term is often used interchangeably with vaccination or inoculation. *Center for Disease Control and Prevention: Vaccines and Immunization; available at* [http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vac-gen/imz-basics.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vac-gen/imz-basics.htm) (Accessed May 8, 2017)

**Vaccination:** Injection of a killed or weakened infectious organism in order to prevent the disease. *Center for Disease Control and Prevention: Vaccines and Immunization; available at* [http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vac-gen/imz-basics.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vac-gen/imz-basics.htm) (Accessed May 8, 2017)

**Vaccine:** A product that produces immunity therefore protecting the body from the disease. Vaccines are administered through needle injections, by mouth and by aerosol. *Center for Disease Control and Prevention: Vaccines and Immunization; available at* [http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vac-gen/imz-basics.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vac-gen/imz-basics.htm), (Accessed May 8, 2017)

### III. REFERENCES

See above

### IV. REVISION HISTORY

*06/21/2017* Re-review with the following update:

Guideline 1.e (Annual Wellness Visit) – added the following note:

> For UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage plans, one (1) Annual Wellness Visit (AWV) is allowed per calendar year (visits do not need to be 12 months apart)

*05/16/2017* Annual review with the following updates:

Guideline 1.b (Alcohol Misuse Screening and Behavioral Counseling Intervention in Primary Care to Reduce Alcohol Misuse)

- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy).

Guideline 1.e.1 [Breast Cancer (Mammogram/Mammography and Clinical Breast Exam)]

- Deleted language pertaining to clinical breast exam and move under Guideline 1.e.2 (Cervical and Vaginal Cancer)
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy).

Guideline 1.e.2.a (Screening Pap Smears and Pelvic Examination)

- added language pertaining to clinical breast examination; moved from Guideline 1.e.1 Breast Cancer (Mammogram/Mammography and Clinical Breast Exam)
- deleted the note that coverage frequency varies depending on the member’s plan
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD and Medicare manual provide the same guideline
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy).
Guideline 1.e.2.b [Screening for Cervical Cancer with Human Papilloma Virus (HPV) Testing]
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline

Guideline 1.e.3.a (Fecal Occult Blood Test, Flexible Sigmoidoscopy, Colonoscopy and Barium Enema)
- added “when Medicare criteria are met”
- deleted “Effective January 1, 2013” under the note pertaining to Colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy turned diagnostic
- deleted the note that coverage frequency varies depending on the member’s plan
- revised the title of the note that pertains to the summary coverage frequency to:

The following guidelines summarize coverage frequency for colorectal screening under Medicare criteria
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy).

Guideline 1.e.2.b (Cologuard™ Test)
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline

Guideline 1.e.4 [Prostate Cancer Screening (PSA Blood Test and Digital Rectal Exam)]
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline
- deleted the reference link to the NCD for Prostate Specific Antigen (190.31) as this NCD is about diagnostic test and does not address cancer screening
- deleted reference link to the Medicare NCD Coding Manual and Change Report as this reference is no longer relevant to this section
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy).

Guideline 1.f (Cardiovascular Disease Screening)
- deleted the note that coverage frequency varies depending on the member’s plan
- deleted “The following guidelines summarize coverage for Cardiovascular Screening under Medicare criteria:”

Guideline 1.g (Depression Screening in Adults)
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual and MLN Matters article (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy)

Guideline 1.k [Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Screening]
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy).

Guideline 1.n (Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Cardiovascular Disease)
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual and MLN Matters article (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy)
Guideline 1.o (Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Obesity)
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual and MLN Matters article (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy)

Guideline 1.q [Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) Screening and High-Intensity Behavioral Counseling (HIBC) to prevent STIs]
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy)

Guideline 1.r (Tobacco - Use Cessation Counseling)
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual and MLN Matters article (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy)

Guideline 1.s [Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)]
- deleted detailed guideline as the reference NCD provides the same guideline

Guideline 1.t [Screening for Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Infection]
- deleted detailed guideline; added reference link to the NCD for Screening for Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Infection (210.6) which provides the same guideline
- deleted reference link to the CMS final decision memo for Screening for Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Infection as the final NCD is now available

Guideline 2 [Kidney Disease Education (KDE)]
- deleted reference link to the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (already included in the applicable MAPG reference link in the header section of this policy)

Guideline 3 (Routine Physical Examination)
- added the statement “Routine physical checkup is not covered under Medicare.”
- deleted “For Medicare’s coverage for routine physical examination or check-up”

Guideline 6 (Counseling for Vitamin D Supplementation)
- Added the following statement:
  Charges for medications, e.g., vitamins, given simply for the general good and welfare of the patient and not as accepted therapies for a particular illness are excluded from coverage. Refer to the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 16, §50.4.3 - Examples of Not Reasonable and Necessary.

10/18/2016 Re-review; added new Guideline 1.t Screening for Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Infection based on the September 28, 2016 CMS final decision memo for Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) Infection.

05/17/2016 Annual review with the following updates:
- Re-formatted the references throughout the policy.
- Guideline 1.a (Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening) - added reference link to the MLN Matters # MM5235 Implementation of a One-Time Only Ultrasound Screening for Abdominal Aortic Aneurysms (AAA), Resulting from a Referral from an Initial Preventive Physical Examination.
Guideline 1.e.1 (Cancer Screening/Breast Cancer) – added reference link to the LCDs for Breast Imaging Mammography/Breast Echography (Sonography)/Breast MRI/Ductography

Guideline 1.e.2.a (Cancer Screening/Cervical and Vaginal Cancer) – updated section title to “Screening Pap Smears and Pelvic Examination”

Guideline 1.h (Diabetes Screening) – updated criteria; added “Or” between 2 groups of criteria

Guideline 1.1.2 (Pneumococcal Polysaccharide Vaccine (PPV)) - separated guideline by dates of service; added reference link to the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, §50.4.4.2.A Pneumococcal Pneumonia Vaccinations

Guideline 1.1.3 (Hepatitis B Vaccine) – added reference link to the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, §50.4.4.2. B Hepatitis B Vaccine

Guideline 1.m (IPPE) – added reference link to Sections 1861(s)(2)(w) and 1861(ww) of the Social Security Act and 42 CFR 410.16, 411.15(a)(1), and 411.15(k)(11) of the Code of Federal Regulations

Guideline 1.p [Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) Screening and High-Intensity Behavioral Counseling (HIBC) to prevent STIs] – language clean up; updated to read “CMS covers screening...”

Guideline 1.s [Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)] - language clean up; deleted “On June 2, 2014, CMS issued a decision memo for screening for Hepatitis C virus (HCV) in adults stating the following:”; updated to read, “Effective June 2, 2014, CMS covers screening...”


03/15/2016 Guideline 1.e.5 [Lung Cancer [low dose computed tomography (LDCT)]] – added the reference link to the Refer to the NCD for Screening Cervical Cancer with Human Papillomavirus (210.2.1)

Guideline 1.k [Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Screening] – updated the reference link to the NCD for Screening for the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infection (210.7).

12/16/2015 Replaced the reference link from the CMS Decision Memo CAG-00439N to the final NCD for Lung Cancer Screening with Low Dose Computed Tomography (LDCT) (210.14) for specific coverage guidelines.

07/21/2015 Guideline # 1.e.2.b (Cervical and Vaginal Cancer) – Reformatted into two different sections: a) Pap Test and Pelvic Exam; and b) Screening for Cervical Cancer with Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Testing – Added new guideline effective July 9, 2015 as a result of the CMS Decision Memo for Screening for Cervical Cancer with Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Testing (CAG-00442N).

06/16/2015 Annual review with the following updates.

• Guideline #1.e.3.a (CologuardTM Test) – Added reference link to the CMS Decision Memo for Screening for Colorectal Cancer - Stool DNA Testing (CAG-00440N) at http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/details/nca-decision-memo.aspx?NCAId=277
• Guideline #1.l.1. (Influenza (flu) vaccine) – Deleted “For billing guidelines and additional coverage information, refer to the Medicare Learning Network Matters #SE0920 Billing for the Administration of the Influenza A (H1N1) Virus Vaccine at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/SE0920.pdf” - as there is no additional coverage information.

• Guideline #1.1.2. [Pneumococcal Polysaccharide Vaccine (PPV)] – Added verbiage “Effective for dates of service on and after September 19, 2014, an initial pneumococcal vaccine may be administered to all Medicare beneficiaries who have never received a pneumococcal vaccination under Medicare Part B. A different, second pneumococcal vaccine may be administered 1 year after the first vaccine was administered (i.e., 11 full months have passed following the month in which the last pneumococcal vaccine was administered).

Those administering the vaccine should not require the patient to present an immunization record prior to administering the pneumococcal vaccine, nor should they feel compelled to review the patient’s complete medical record if it is not available. Instead, provided that the patient is competent, it is acceptable to rely on the patient’s verbal history to determine prior vaccination status. “

• Guideline #1.m. [Initial Preventive Physical Examination (IPPE) (also commonly referred to as the “Welcome to Medicare” Preventive Visit)] – Removed link to The CDC Screening tools for use for IPPE are available at http://www.cdc.gov/policy/ohsc/HRA/HRAAWVGuidanceReportFINAL.pdf-no longer available.

• Guideline #1.s. [Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)] – Removed link to Decision Memo for Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) in Adults (CAG-00436N) at http://www.cms.gov/medicare-coverage-database/details/nca-decision-memo.aspx?NCAId=272, as NCD 201.13 now available.


Guideline # 1.e.5 [Medicare-covered Preventive Services and Screening/Cancer Screening/ Lung Cancer [low dose computed tomography (LDCT)]-Added reference link to Medicare approved registries for screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT).

02/17/2015  Guideline # 1.e.5 [Medicare-covered Preventive Services and Screening/Cancer Screening/ Lung Cancer [low dose computed tomography (LDCT)] - Added guideline for Lung Cancer [low dose computed tomography (LDCT)] Test based on the CMS Decision Memo CAG-00439N for Lung Cancer [low dose computed tomography (LDCT)] issued February 5, 2015.

10/21/2014  Guideline # 1.e.3 (Medicare-covered Preventive Services and Screening/Cancer Screening/Colorectal Cancer)-Added guideline for Cologuard™ Test based on the CMS Decision Memo for Screening for Colorectal Cancer-Stool DNA Testing (CAG00440N) issued October 9, 2014:

Guideline #1.l.1 [Medicare-covered Preventive Services and Screening/Immunization /Influenza (flu) vaccine]
Updated frequency to indicate: Covered once a flu season
Added clarification language to indicate: Generally, one (1) influenza virus
vaccination per influenza season is covered, however, more than one influenza
virus vaccination per influenza season may be covered if a physician determines
and documents that the vaccination is reasonable and medically necessary. The
administering provider should maintain documentation.

Added the following reference link:
- Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15 -
  Covered Medical and Other Health Services § 50.4.4.2-Immunizations, C.
  Influenza Virus Vaccine.
- 012-2013 Immunizers' Question & Answer Guide to Medicare Part B,
  Medicaid and CHIP Coverage of Seasonal Influenza and Pneumococcal
  Vaccinations

Annual review with the following updates:
- Guideline #1.a Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening Screening (AAA)
  - Added the definition of Ultrasound Screening for AAA from the Definition
    section (based on the referenced Medicare Benefit Policy Manual)
- Guideline #1.b
  - Alcohol Misuse Screening and Behavioral Counseling Intervention in Primary
    Care
  - Added the following (based on the reference Claims Processing Manual):
    The United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) defines alcohol
    misuse as risky, hazardous, or harmful drinking which places an individual at
    risk for future problems with alcohol consumption. In the general adult
    population, alcohol consumption becomes risky or hazardous when consuming:
    - Greater than 7 drinks per week or greater than 3 drinks per occasion for
      women and persons greater than 65 years old
    - Greater than 14 drinks per week or greater than 4 drinks per occasion for
      men 65 years old and younger
- Guideline #1.e.1 Breast Cancer (Mammogram/Mammography and ClinicalBreast
  Exam)
  - Added the following based on the reference NCD:
    - A diagnostic mammography is a radiologic procedure furnished to a man or
      woman with signs and symptoms of breast disease, or a personal history of
      breast cancer, or a personal history of biopsy - proven benign breast disease,
      and includes a physician's interpretation of the results of the procedure.
    - A screening mammography has limitations as it must be, at a minimum a two-
      view exposure (cranio-caudal and a medial lateral oblique view) of each
      breast.
- Guideline #1.e.4 Prostate (PSA blood test and Digital Rectal Exam) - Added from
  the Definition section based on the reference NCD:
  - Screening digital rectal examination means a clinical examination of an
    individual’s prostate for nodules or other abnormalities of the prostate.
  - Screening prostate specific antigen tests (PSA means a test to detect the marker
    for adenocarcinoma of prostate).
- Guideline #2.s Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV)
  - Added applicable guideline based on the Decision Memo for Screening for
    Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) in Adults (CAG-00436N); new to the policy
• Guideline #4 Vaccines and immunizations for international travel
  o Added the following based on the reference Medicare Benefit Policy Manual.

Definitions
  o Added applicable CMS references to the definition of:
    • Colorectal Cancer High Risk Individual
    • Fecal Occult Blood Test (FOBT) Screening
    • Glaucoma Screening
  o Moved to Section I the definition of
    • Screening Digital Rectal Examination
    • Screening Mammography
    • Ultrasound Screening for Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm
  o Added the definition of Vaccine

06/24/2013 Added reference and link to the Medicare Preventive Services and Screenings under the Coverage Statement.

Updated the description of the sections under Guidelines/Notes to align with the above Medicare reference.

12/17/2012 Annual review with the following updates:
  • Guidelines #1.g (Colorectal screening test/procedures) updated to include the note that effective January 1, 2013 members undergoing a screening a colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy will have a $0 cost share regardless of whether a polyp is found and/or removed during the procedure.
  • Guidelines #5 (Counseling for Vitamin D Supplementation) added.

02/20/2012 Guidelines #1.v-Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Obesity was updated to include the updated coverage language based on the new NCD for Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Obesity (210.12).

References and links to the NCD and claims processing instructions were also added.

12/19/2011 Annual review; updated to include the following new Medicare approved preventive services:
  • Alcohol Screening and Behavioral Counseling Interventions in Primary Care to Reduce Alcohol Misuse
  • Screening for Depression in Adults
  • Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Cardiovascular Disease
  • Intensive Behavioral Therapy for Obesity based; and
  • Screening for Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) and High-Intensity Behavioral Counseling (HIBC) to Prevent STIs
  • Also added a note to clarify copayment/coinsurance based on Medicare rules as of January 1, 2011

02/21/2011 Updated to include Guidelines #1.b-Annual Wellness Visit (AWV), including Personalized Prevention Plan Services (PPPS) (effective January 1, 2011) based on the CMS Transmittal 134 and MLN Matters Article #MM7079

10/21/2010 Updated to include the new NCD for Counseling to Prevent Tobacco Use (#Guidelines # 1.q) based on the CMS Decision Memo for Counseling to Prevent Tobacco Use (CAG-00420N)
Policy updated to include examples of imaging for screening asymptomatic persons which are not covered. Also updated the Guidelines for Kidney Disease Education (KDE) Services to include the definition for qualified persons.